What the New Standards **Mean to Quality Assessments**

Warren Hersh, CIA, CPA, CISA, CFE Director - IIA Quality Services

Basil Woller, CIA, CRMA Principal and Owner, Basil Woller & Associates, LLC

Marthin Grobler, CIA, CRMA Owner and Director, IA Professionals

FEBRUARY 13, 2024





Basil Woller, CIA, CRMA Principal and Owner, Basil Woller & Associates, LLC

Basil Woller is a CIA and CRMA with 40+ years of experience in internal auditing, risk assessment and management, corporate governance, and ethics and compliance. For the past 14 years, he has focused on providing quality services to a broad spectrum of organizations. He has personally conducted 500+ quality assessments during his career. Woller has presented frequently and authored several articles on internal audit quality, facilitates quality assessment training, and authored the latest version of The IIA's Quality Assessment Manual. He previously led Protiviti's global external quality assessment services practice and served as Chief Audit Executive at El Paso Corporation. Woller served on The IIA's Board of Directors as International Treasurer and Chairman of the Global Finance Committee. He was inducted into the American Hall of Distinguished Audit Practitioners in March 2023.



Warren Hersh, CIA, CISA, CPA, CFE **Director-IIA Quality Services**

Warren Hersh is the Director of Quality Services for The IIA. He was previously Comptroller for the Central Florida Regional Transportation Authority (LYNX), Auditor General and interim CFO for New Jersey Transit, and Internal Audit Director at Jefferson Wells (now Experis) and BDO Seidman. With 40+ years of experience in internal auditing, risk management, fraud prevention/detection, project management, business process analysis/improvement, corporate governance, and IT, he has conducted external quality assessment reviews in many industries. Warren served on The IIA's International Internal Audit Standards Board for 11 years and the International Public Sector Committee for three years. He was previously the President of IIA-Philadelphia and is currently on the Chapter Audit Committee. Hersh presents frequently at industry conferences and is a CIA, CPA, CISA, and CFE.

The Institute of Internal Auditors



Marthin Grobler is a CIA and CRMA Owner and Director, IA Professionals

Marthin Grobler is a CIA and CRMA, from Cape Town South Africa, and serves as Director of IA Professionals, an internal auditing firm established in 2000. He is an experienced internal auditor with 25+ years of private and public sector experience focused on EQAs and the development of internal auditors and relevant training materials. Grobler is a past governor of IIA-Western Cape, chairs and is a member of audit and risk committees, and speaks frequently at local and regional conferences and webinars on governance, internal auditing, risk management, and quality. Through his involvement on The IIA's Global Standards Board, Topical Requirements Subcommittee, and "Internal Audit: Vision 2035," task team, he is giving back and driving the profession into the future.



2

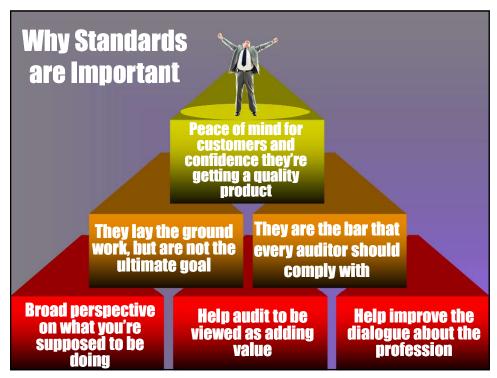
Session Overview

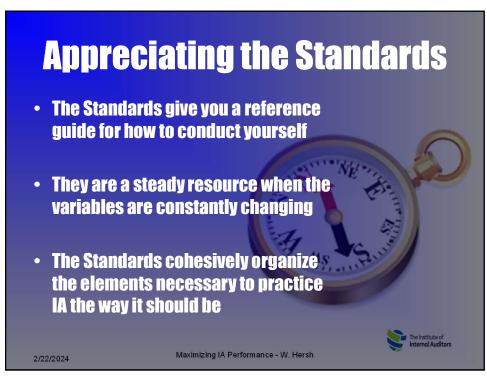
- Why The Standards Matter
- The new Global Internal Audit Standards for Quality
- Tips for Successful Implementation of the Standards for Quality
- Common Observations of Quality Assessment Reviews



Δ







Are you familiar with or have you read the new Standards?

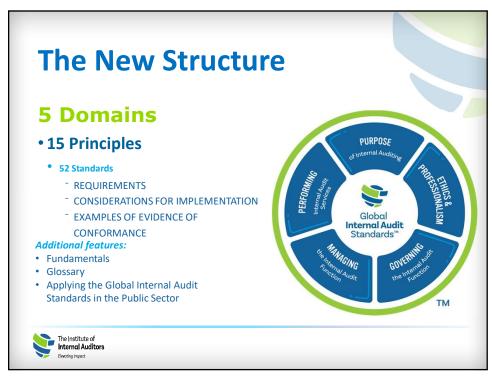
- a. No
- b. Somewhat have seen them
- c. Have read them
- d. Totally



9

The New Global Internal Audit Standards for Quality







Are you planning to conduct a gap assessment in anticipation of implementing the new Standards?

- a. Yes in 2024
- b. Yes in 2025 or beyond
- c. Maybe
- d. No



13

Domain III. GOVERNING THE IA FUNCTION, PRINCIPLE 8 - OVERSEEN BY THE BOARD

8. Overseen by the Board

The board oversees the internal audit function to ensure the function's effectiveness.

8.1 Board Interaction

8.2 Resources

8.3 Quality

8.4 External Quality Assessment

The board oversees the internal audit function to ensure the function's effectiveness.

Board oversight is essential to enable the overall effectiveness of the internal audit function. Achieving this principle requires collaborative and interactive communication between the board and the chief audit executive as well as the board's support in ensuring the internal audit function obtains sufficient resources to fulfill the internal audit mandate. Additionally, the board receives assurance about the quality of the performance of the chief audit executive and the internal audit function through the quality assessment and improvement program, including the board's direct review of the results of the external quality assessment.

Standard 8.3 - Quality

8. Overseen by the Board

The board oversees the internal audit function to ensure the function's effectiveness.

8.1 Board Interaction

8.2 Resources

8.3 Quality

8.4 External Quality Assessment

- The CAE must discuss with the board and senior management the frequency and scope of quality assessments and any action plans and corrective actions for the internal audit function.
- Aspects that will be considered for conformance, such as the internal audit function's contribution to the organization's governance, risk, and control processes; productivity and cost efficiency; and relationships with stakeholders.
- QAIP documentation must be maintained to demonstrate an effective process.



15

Standard 8.4 - External Quality Assessment

8. Overseen by the Board

The board oversees the internal audit function to ensure the function's effectiveness.

8.1 Board Interaction

8.2 Resources

8.3 Quality

8.4 External Quality Assessment

- Coordinate with the board and senior management on the timing (i.e., more frequently than five years if desired or required) and scope of the EQA, such as the review and approval by the board.
- o Ensure the qualifications of the assessment team by considering assessors' knowledge of the Standards, previous external quality assessment experience, and whether they have taken an IIA recommended quality assessment training. Also, note the new requirement that one member of the assessment team must hold the Certified Internal Auditor® (CIA®) credential.
- The assessor must report the results of the EQA directly to the board.

If your EQA is due in 2025, will you accelerate to 2024?

- a. Yes
- b. No
- c. Undecided
- d. Not planning to conduct an FQA



17

Domain IV. MANAGING THE INTERNAL AUDIT FUNCTION PRINCIPLE 12 – ENHANCES QUALITY

12. Enhance Quality

The chief audit executive is responsible for the internal audit function's conformance with the Global Internal Audit Standards and continuous performance improvement.

12.1 Internal Quality Assessment

12.2 Performance Measurement

12.3 Oversee and Improve Engagement Performance

The chief audit executive is responsible for the internal audit function's conformance with the Global Internal Audit Standards and continuous performance improvement.

Quality is a combined measure of conformance with the Global Internal Audit Standards and the achievement of the internal audit function's performance objectives. Therefore, a quality assurance and improvement program is designed to evaluate and promote the internal audit function's conformance with the Standards, achievement of performance objectives, and pursuit of continuous improvement. The program includes internal and external assessments.

The chief audit executive is responsible for ensuring that the internal audit function continuously improves. This requires the development of criteria and measures to assess the performance of internal audit engagements, the internal auditors, and the internal audit function. These measures form the basis for evaluating the progress toward performance objectives.

Standard 12.1 – Internal Quality Assessment

12. Enhance Quality

The chief audit executive is responsible for the internal audit function's conformance with the Global Internal Audit Standards and continuous performance improvement.

12.1 Internal Quality Assessment

12.2 Performance Measurement

12.3 Oversee and Improve Engagement Performance

- Establish documentation for monitoring day-today audit activities incorporated into routine policies and practices.
- Periodic self-assessments are a more comprehensive method to assess conformance with all the Standards addressed and should also evaluate performance through such means as: support for achievement of internal audit objectives, supervision effectiveness, and stakeholder feedback.
- Communication of the results to the board and senior management.



19

Standard 12.2 - Performance Measurement

12. Enhance Quality

The chief audit executive is responsible for the internal audit function's conformance with the Global Internal Audit Standards and continuous performance improvement.

12.1 Internal Quality Assessment

12.2 Performance Measurement

12.3 Oversee and Improve Engagement Performance

- Input must be solicited from the board and senior management.
- Performance metrics (both qualitative and quantitative) should be tailored to the organization's requirements by considering: the internal audit charter, the internal audit strategic plan, and specific objectives that can be monitored. One size does not fit all!
- Action plans for issues and improvement opportunities should be tracked by the CAE and communicated to the board and senior management.



Standard 12.3 – Oversee and Improve Engagement Performance

12. Enhance Quality

The chief audit executive is responsible for the internal audit function's conformance with the Global Internal Audit Standards and continuous performance improvement.

12.1 Internal Quality Assessment

12.2 Performance Measurement

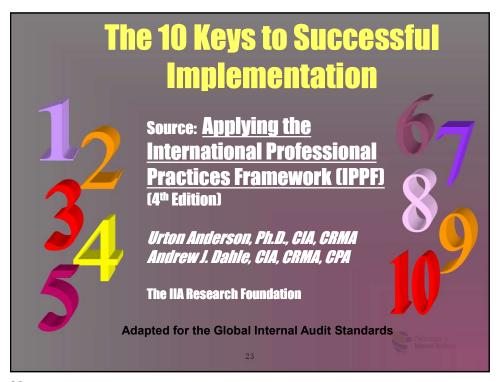
12.3 Oversee and Improve Engagement Performance

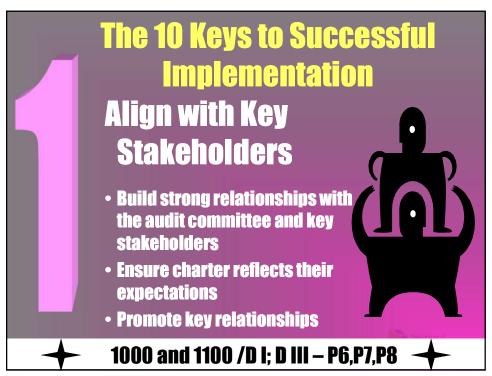
- The CAE or an engagement supervisor must provide internal auditors with guidance throughout the engagement, verify work programs are complete, and confirm audit workpapers adequately support findings, conclusions, and recommendations.
- To assure quality, the CAE must verify whether engagements are performed in conformance with the Standards and the internal audit function's methodologies.
- To develop competencies, the CAE must provide internal auditors with feedback about the performance and opportunities for improvement.

21

Tips for Successful Implementation of the Standards for Quality











Do you feel your internal audit function has an effective QAIP in place?

- a. Yes
- b. Some elements in place
- c. Working on it
- d. No



27



Does your QAIP address performance of the internal audit function

- **a. Yes**. Defined metrics, monitoring and reporting using balanced scorecard
- **b. Partially**. Defined metrics, limited monitoring and reporting
- c. Informal. Done on an ad hoc basis
- d. No.



29

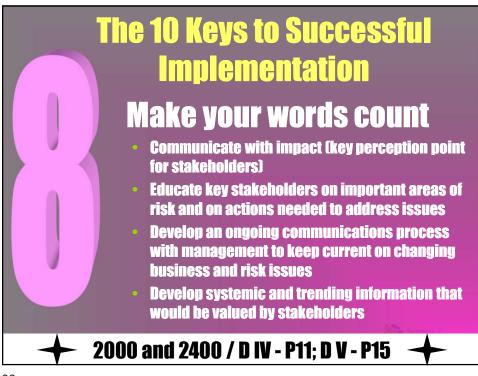




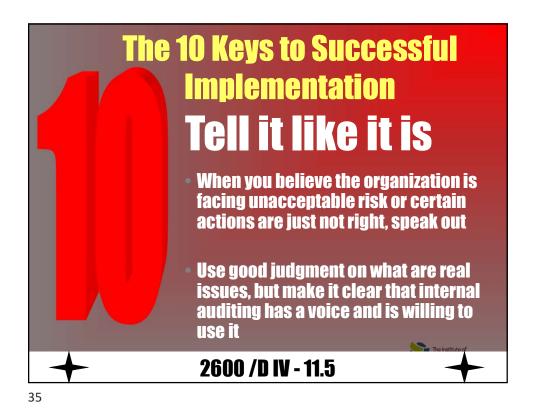
The 10 Keys to Successful Implementation
Strive for excellence

• Embrace innovation in the internal audit process
• Seek out leading IA practices to benefit your organization
• Use the power of technology, develop and leverage knowledge management

• 2200, 2300 /D IV; D V: 13.2, P14







When do you plan to be in conformance with the new Standards?

- a. Prior to 2025
- b. In 2025
- c. Beyond 2025
- d. Not planning to be in conformance



Common Observations from Quality Assessment Reviews



37

Common Observations

Domain II: Ethics and Profess ionalism

Domain
III:
Governing
the
Internal
Audit
Function

- Compliance and/or lack of awareness with recent changes to the IIA Standards such performance focus
- Inadequate IA sponsorship
- CAE reporting relationship not clearly defined
- Department structure issues
 - Reporting line
 - Alignment with organization
- Insufficient reporting to the Audit Committee
- EQA not Performed at least once every five years



Common Observations

Domain
IV:
Managing
the
Internal
Audit
Function

- Lack of knowledge of the business and IT
- Define and execute an internal audit strategic plan
- Department charter misaligned with Audit Committee charter
- No formal up-to-date IA policies and procedures manual
- Not being risk based
 - · Linkage of risk assessment to plan
 - External input to risk assessment



39

Common Observations

Domain
IV:
Managing
the
Internal
Audit
Function

- Ineffective resource planning and development
- Enhance annual internal assessment to evaluate the maturity of the effectiveness of the IA department
- No periodic (annual) internal assessments
- Inadequate performance metrics



Common Observations

Domain V:
Performing
Internal
Audit
Services

- Infrequent management interaction
- No or limited use of technology to support risk assessment, planning, and engagement execution
- Insufficient supervisory approval (and/or quality assurance process) of the audit program prior to fieldwork, the audit plan and completed work papers



41

Common Observations

Domain V:
Performing
Internal
Audit
Services

- Audit report findings not rated or prioritized
- Lack of formal client post-engagement feedback
- Lack of a formal IA follow-up process
- Recommendation to implement control self-assessment techniques during the planning phase of all audits



Do you feel the new Standards will have an impact the quality of Internal Audit Services?

- a. They will improve on the quality of Internal Audit Services
- b. They will result in a decline in the quality
- c. None it will stay more or less the



The Institute of d. Additional Guidance is necessary. Internal Auditors

43



Got questions?

Questions on Quality or For More Information:

Email the Standards or Guidance teams at Standards@theiia.org or Guidance@theiia.org

Email IIA Quality Services at: Quality@theiia.org

Access the Website: https://www.theiia.org

